

BPI WEALTH

ODYSSEY ASIA PACIFIC HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY FEEDER FUND

KEY INFORMATION AND INVESTMENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

As of April 30, 2025

FUND FACTS

Classification:	Equity Feeder Fund	Net Asset Value per Unit (NAVPU):	USD 13.54
Launch Date:	May 20, 2008 ¹	Total Fund NAV (Mn):	USD 7.43
Minimum Investment:	USD 100.00	Dealing Day:	Daily up to 2:00 PM
Additional Investment:	No Minimum	Redemption Settlement:	T+6 End-of-Day
Minimum Holding Period:	None	Early Redemption Charge:	None

FEES

Trustee Fees: 0.1234%* 1.50% per annum	Custodianship Fees: 0.0000%	External Auditor Fees: 0.0000%**	Other Fees: 0.0138%***
BPI Wealth	None	Isla Lipana	Index Licensing Fees

*Monthly rate: billings received for April 2025 divided by the average daily NAV for the same month valued at USD 7.24 Mn

**Billing is received at the last quarter of the year

***Billings received in April 2025

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY

The Fund, operating as a Feeder Fund, aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in a Target Fund with a diversified portfolio of attractively-priced stocks with high dividend yields in the Asia Pacific region. The Fund aims to outperform its benchmark which is the MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex-Japan Net Total Return USD Index.

CLIENT SUITABILITY

A client profiling process shall be performed prior to participating in the Fund to guide the prospective investor if the Fund is suited to his/her investment objectives and risk tolerance. Clients are advised to read the Declaration of Trust / Plan Rules of the Fund, which may be obtained from the Trustee, before deciding to invest.

The Odyssey Asia Pacific High Dividend Equity Feeder Fund is suitable only for investors who:

- Are at least classified as aggressive based on their risk profile
- Have an investment horizon of at least five (5) years

Participation in the Fund shall be open to Participants with legal capacity to contract and who are not considered US persons under the US securities and tax laws, subject to the other conditions, rules or provisions stated in the Plan Rules and those established by the Trustee. No beneficial owner shall hold more than 10% of the Fund. Any investor who owns more than 10% shall be asked to redeem the amount (or its equivalent number of units) in excess of 10% within 30 calendar days.

KEY RISKS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

You should not invest in this Fund if you do not understand or are not comfortable with the accompanying risks.

Market/Price Risk:	Investors are exposed to adverse changes in the prices of high dividend yield stocks in the Asia Pacific Region, which may be brought about by adverse stock market conditions, unfavorable company earnings and valuations and negative developments in the political and economic conditions of countries in the Asia Pacific Region.
Liquidity Risk:	Investors are exposed to the risk of loss due to the target fund's inability to convert equity holdings to cash immediately or in instances where conversion to cash is possible but at a highly disadvantageous price due to limited participants in the market, low trading volumes, market disruptions, among others.
Country Risk:	Investors are exposed to the risk of loss arising from negative developments in the political, economic and social conditions of countries in the Asia Pacific region, which may adversely affect the value of the feeder fund.
FX Risk:	Investors are exposed to the risk of loss from a decline in the market value of the target fund when the market value of foreign currency denominated equity securities held by the target fund are translated to USD.

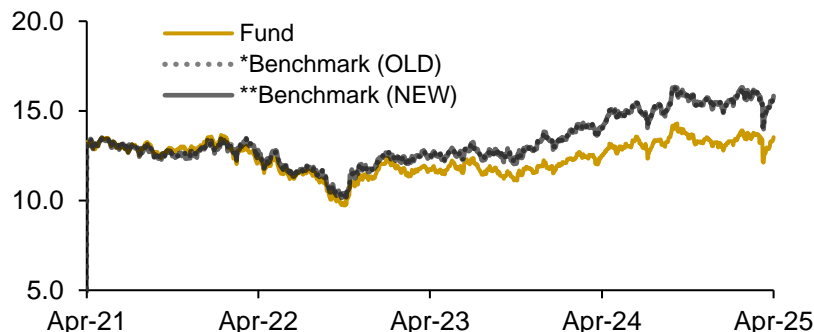
The Fund's investment outlets undergo proper screening and evaluation in accordance with the Trustee's accreditation process and minimum regulatory requirements. Regulatory exposure limits and asset allocation ranges as provided in the Fund's Plan Rules are strictly adhered to and monitored on a regular basis. The Fund may also use financial derivatives to hedge the portfolio against market and credit risks.

- **THE UIT FUND IS NOT A DEPOSIT AND IS NOT INSURED BY THE PHILIPPINE DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORP. (PDIC).**
- **RETURNS CANNOT BE GUARANTEED AND HISTORICAL NAVPU IS FOR ILLUSTRATION OF NAVPU MOVEMENTS/ FLUCTUATIONS ONLY.**
- **WHEN REDEEMING, THE PROCEEDS MAY BE WORTH LESS THAN THE ORIGINAL INVESTMENT AND ANY LOSSES SHALL BE SOLELY FOR THE ACCOUNT OF THE CLIENT.**
- **THE TRUSTEE IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS UNLESS UPON WILLFUL DEFAULT, BAD FAITH OR GROSS NEGLIGENCE.**
- **THIS PRODUCT CANNOT BE SOLD TO YOU UNLESS ITS BENEFITS AND RISKS HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY EXPLAINED. IF YOU DO NOT FULLY UNDERSTAND THIS PRODUCT, DO NOT PURCHASE OR INVEST IN IT.**

FUND PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICS AS OF APRIL 30, 2025

(Purely for reference purposes and is not a guarantee of future results)

NAVPU GRAPH



*MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex-Japan High Dividend Net Return USD Index

**MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex-Japan Net Total Return USD Index

CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE (%) ²

	1 mo	3 mos	6 mos	1YR	3YRS	S.I
Fund	2.50	1.80	0.59	8.23	11.53	35.40
Benchmark	1.59	1.33	1.15	11.94	24.90	144.48

ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (%) ²

	1YR	2YRS	3YRS	4YRS	5YRS	S.I
Fund	8.23	7.35	3.71	0.71	7.37	1.80
Benchmark	11.94	12.37	7.69	4.61	12.61	5.41

CALENDAR YEAR PERFORMANCE (%) ²

	YTD	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Fund	2.27	9.24	8.12	-13.44	8.64	2.05
Benchmark	1.87	12.01	17.99	-9.22	7.43	19.55

PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Allocation	% of Fund
Target Fund	99.16
Cash & Equivalents	1.20
Others - Net of liabilities	-0.36
Top Five Sector Holdings	% of Target Fund
Financials	30.7
Information Technology	21.0
Communication Services	14.8
Consumer Discretionary	11.3
Real Estate	7.5
Top Five Country Weightings	% of Target Fund
China	26.4
Australia	19.0
Taiwan	14.6
India	12.3
Korea	10.0

NAVPU over the past 12 months

Highest	14.30
Lowest	12.12

STATISTICS

Portfolio Beta	0.95
Volatility, Past 1 Year (%) ³	17.12
Sharpe Ratio ⁴	0.20
Information Ratio ⁵	-0.60

¹The fund was originally launched as Odyssey Asia Pacific High Dividend Equity Fund. It was converted into a feeder fund last October 1, 2020.

²Returns are net of fees.

³Measures the degree to which the Fund fluctuates vis-à-vis its average return over a period of time.

⁴Used to characterize how well the return of a Fund compensates the investor for the level of risk taken. The higher the number, the better.

⁵Measures reward-to-risk efficiency of the portfolio relative to the benchmark. The higher the number, the higher the reward per unit of risk.

*Declaration of Trust is available upon request through your branch of account.

TOP TEN HOLDINGS

Name	% of Target Fund
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	9.9
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	6.8
HDFC Bank Ltd.	4.5
Alibaba Group Holding	3.8
Telstra Group, Ltd.	3.3
AIA Group Ltd.	2.9
NetEase	2.4
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	2.4
Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing	2.2
SK Hynix	2.2

*RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Fund has transactions and outstanding investments with entities related to BPI Wealth – A Trust Corporation (BPI Wealth).

Bank of the Philippine Islands – USD 0.07 Mn

*Related party in accordance with BPI Wealth's internal policy.

OTHER FUND FACTS

Fund Currency:	USD	Fund Structure	Unit Trust
Benchmark*:	MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex-Japan Net Total Return USD Index	Trustee and Custodian:	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited
Name of Target Fund:	JP Morgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund	Inception Date:	May 31, 2013
Regulator:	Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (SFC)	Total Expense Ratio:	0.85% p.a.
Fund Manager:	JP Morgan Asset Management	Early Redemption Charge	None

- The identity of the issuer of the promotional material and the investment product which is the subject of the promotional material, and the content of the promotional material has been verified by the issuer thereof;
- The promotional material is not issued by JPMAM, any of its affiliates or a JPMorgan Fund and the promotion material does not relate to a direct invest in any JPMorgan Fund;
- Neither JPMAM, any of its affiliates or a JPMorgan Fund has reviewed the contents of the promotional material and accordingly takes no responsibility for the accuracy of the contents of the promotion material or any liability for any statement or misstatement in the promotion material; and
- An investor would be investing into an investment product which is established, offered and sold by BPI Wealth or its affiliates and would not be investing in any JPMorgan Fund, and accordingly there is no contractual relationship between the Investor and JPMAM, any of its affiliates or a JPMorgan Fund.

The Fund Performance Report and relevant information about the JP Morgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund can be viewed and downloaded through www.am.jpmorgan.com/hk.

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

Market Review. MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan gained during the month. The market witnessed a steep drop early in the month as the US unveiled its “Liberation Day” tariff plans. However, as the policy was gradually walked back, starting with the 90-day implementation delay, equities recovered from there. Thailand gained the most, supported by the rise in Delta Electronics along with the tech sector. India continued to outperform, driven by a tariff pause, the second interest rate cut, ongoing cash injections by the RBI, a weaker USD, falling oil prices, foreigners’ growing optimism about India’s domestic demand, and faster economic growth despite the global trade tensions. China was the most affected market during the month. The reciprocal tariffs announced by the Trump administration triggered a sharp selloff in Chinese equities. China retaliated swiftly, raised tariffs on U.S. goods, and escalated tensions further. There were some de-escalation efforts from both China and the U.S. towards the end of the month, which fuelled a market rebound. The Fund performed essentially in line with the benchmark in April. Stock selection in Taiwan contributed to performance. Our holdings in Wiywynn and Quanta Computer contributed mostly on the back of positive results announced in March indicating strong revenue trends. Both server names are not exposed to domestic China manufacturing. The underweight allocation to China aided performance. Not owning Meituan, PDD, and JD.com due to the lack of sufficient yield contributed. Meituan and JD.com fell as investors expect the fierce competition in food delivery to affect profitability. The largest contributor was an Australian telecom name, Telstra, which continued to gain over positive results. Other domestically-focused names with defensive qualities and resilient earnings trends also generated gains such as Vicinity Centers, Singapore Exchange and Coles. On the negative side, stock selection and an underweight allocation to India detracted the most. We are underweight in the market due to high valuations and lower yield levels. The market continued to gain after the bounce back in March. Not owning Reliance Industries due to governance concerns was among the largest detractors during the month. Within Industrials, the largest detractor was an EV battery supplier, CATL, which fell after the Liberation Day tariffs over concerns as an exporter. In terms of portfolio activities, we have increased our structural overweight in defensives names since last year on the back of improving dividend growth and relatively attractive valuations. We initiated positions in a number of Chinese names, including a real estate name, a liquor name, and a food chain name. We also bought exposure in an Australian retailer. These names offer attractive dividend growth. We trimmed exposure to Chinese and Taiwanese exporters. We also rotated within the tech sector towards higher quality names. Within financials, we rotated towards Indian banks in lieu of globally exposed banks in Hong Kong and Singapore.

Fund Performance. The fund returned 2.50% in April, outperforming the benchmark by 91 basis points. Stock selection in Taiwan detracted the most.

Fund Strategy. The US administration’s reciprocal tariffs, along with subsequent exemptions and delays, are likely to result in slower growth and higher inflation as economies adjust, creating a challenging environment for Asia Pacific markets. However, economies with large domestic markets, like China and India, may be more resilient, and a weaker USD typically benefits Asian markets. China’s economic recovery remains two-speed, with weakness in real estate and, to a lesser extent, manufacturing weighing on growth. Consumer confidence remains weak as they digest lower prices in real estate, a key store of wealth. There are signs of stabilization in Tier 1 cities, with sales rising and prices steadying. However, this needs to spread to Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities to foment a broader-based recovery. This weakness in consumer confidence and consumption means the pick-up in the demand for goods and services will be more extended. Chinese valuations, while likely capped by geopolitics, have recovered from record lows and could rise further once earnings begin to surprise positively. India and Indonesia are seeing cyclical slowdowns, and valuations have moderated somewhat. Both still offer long-term growth opportunities as their respective governments look set to continue the policy support of recent years, which is likely to see them maintain their respective investment-led expansions. Tech-heavy North Asia, which is becoming embedded as an integral part of the growing AI supply chain—servers, testing and packaging, liquid cooling, and application-specific ICs, where demand is likely to grow—cannot be immune to recession risks as corporates adjust CAPEX plans. Valuation discipline will be important given rapid changes in investor sentiment. With increased economic uncertainty, volatility will remain elevated, but there are reasons to be more optimistic about Asian equities: the US dollar is down substantially from its peak, domestic stimulus is likely, and China’s economy is growing, even if the recovery has been delayed and will take longer than originally envisaged.

LIST OF PROSPECTIVE INVESTMENTS

- The following are among the Fund’s approved investment outlets, wherein the Trustee intends to invest depending on strategy, availability, or other market-driven circumstances:
- Single collective investment scheme whose investment objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in attractively-priced stocks with high dividend yields in the Asia Pacific region; provided further that such CIS is approved or registered and supervised by a regulatory authority that is a member of the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) and managed by reputable fund manager/s; provided further that the investment in the said collective investment scheme should at least be ninety percent (90%) of the total assets of the Fund. The Target Fund must be recognized as a collective investment scheme in its home jurisdiction by a regulatory authority or any regulatory authority acceptable to the BSP to supervise this CIS;
 - Bank Deposits;
 - Securities issued by or guaranteed by the Philippine government, or by the BSP;
 - Tradable securities issued or guaranteed by multilateral institutions such as the Asian Development Bank (ADB), International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank;
 - Tradable securities issued by a government of a foreign country, any political subdivision of a foreign country or any supranational entity;
 - Common shares, preferred shares, and convertible preferred share listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange or any organized stock exchange;
 - Shares offered in an Initial Public Offering (IPO), provided that the company will be listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange or any organized stock exchange within the normal listing period (approximately 30 days from the start of the offer period);
 - Exchange-listed securities and warrants of such securities;
 - Marketable instruments that are traded in an organized exchange;
 - Loans traded in an organized market; and
 - Such other tradable investments outlets/categories as may be approved by the relevant authority and allowed by the BSP.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE TARGET FUND

JP Morgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund aims to provide income and long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of companies in the Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan) that the Investment Manager expects to pay dividends. The benchmark of the Fund is MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex-Japan Net Total Return USD Index.